



Radiological Exposure Devices

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- **Introduction**
- **Exposure - Effects**
- **Accidents**
- **REDs**
- **Exercises**

Potential Scenarios

- **Radioactive Exposure Device (RED)**
- **Radiological Dispersal Device (RDD)**
- **Improvised Nuclear Device (IND)**

RED

Radioactive source out of legal control

Potential to expose people to lethal doses of radiation

Irradiation, no incorporation if sealed source

Dose assessment, medical monitoring

Psychological & Economical impact

RDD

Detonation of explosive device + radioactive material

Injury

External contamination

Incorporation

Psychological & Economical impact

IND

National emergency situation

Large number of victims

Effects: blast, heat, radiation

Irradiation, incorporation

External exposure: irradiation

Internal exposure: incorporation

Stochastic effects:

**Propability of occurence increases with dose, no treshold dose
e.g. cancer incidence**

Deterministic effects:

**Severity of effect increases with dose, treshold dose
e.g. organ dysfunction, lens opacification, blood changes**

Deterministic effects

Dose (whole body irradiation)	Effects
< 0.25 Sv	No clinically recognizable damage
0.25 Sv	Decrease in white blood cells
0.5 Sv	Increasing destruction of the leukocyte-forming organs (causing decreasing resistance to infection)
1 Sv	Marked changes in the blood picture (decrease in the leukocytes and neutrophils)
2 Sv	Nausea and other symptoms
5 Sv	Damage to the gastrointestinal tract causing bleeding and $\approx 50\%$ death
10 Sv	Destruction of the neurological system and $\approx 100\%$ death within 24 h

Ref.: K. H. Lieser, Nuclear and Radiochemistry: Fundamentals and Applications. VCH/Wiley 1997.

Nausea

Vomitting

Headache

Diarrhoea

Weakness

Changes in blood (reduction in Lymphocytes)

1987, Goiânia, Brasil

**^{137}Cs teletherapy unit source
removed by scrap collectors,
source capsule opened**

54 persons hospitalized, 4 died

112.000 persons monitored

**Large psychological and
economical impact**

Source: IAEA, STI/PUB/815, Vienna, 1988



1994, Tammiku, Estonia

3 persons entered radioactive waste repository

Removed ^{137}Cs radiation source

Source stored at home

5 persons with deterministic effects

1 Person died

Source: IAEA, STI/PUB/1053, Vienna, 1998

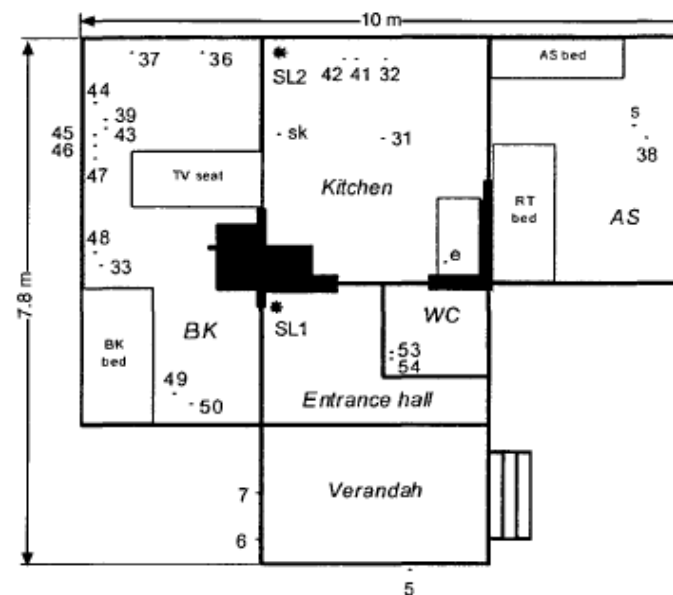


FIG. 3. The plan of the house in Kiisa. Possible source locations (SL1 and SL2) are indicated by the large asterisks. The sample codes are given in Table III.

2000, Samut Prakarn, Thailand

^{60}Co teletherapy unit out of regulatory control

Teletherapy head stolen from unsecured storage area

Disassembled at junkyard

10 persons with deterministic effects

3 Person died

Source: IAEA, STI/PUB/1124, Vienna, 2002



2002, China

**^{192}Ir put in office of business rival
74 persons with irradiation symptoms**

1995, Zheleznodorozhny, Russia

**Criminal act ^{137}Cs source in door of truck,
5 months exposure, 1 dead**

1993, Moscow, Russia

**Radioactive source in chair of company
director, 1 death**

1991, Bratsk, Russia

2 similiar cases, 1 injury

1979, La Hague, France

Radioactive graphite fuel element plugs under driver's seat in car, person tried to kill his employer

1972, Texas, USA

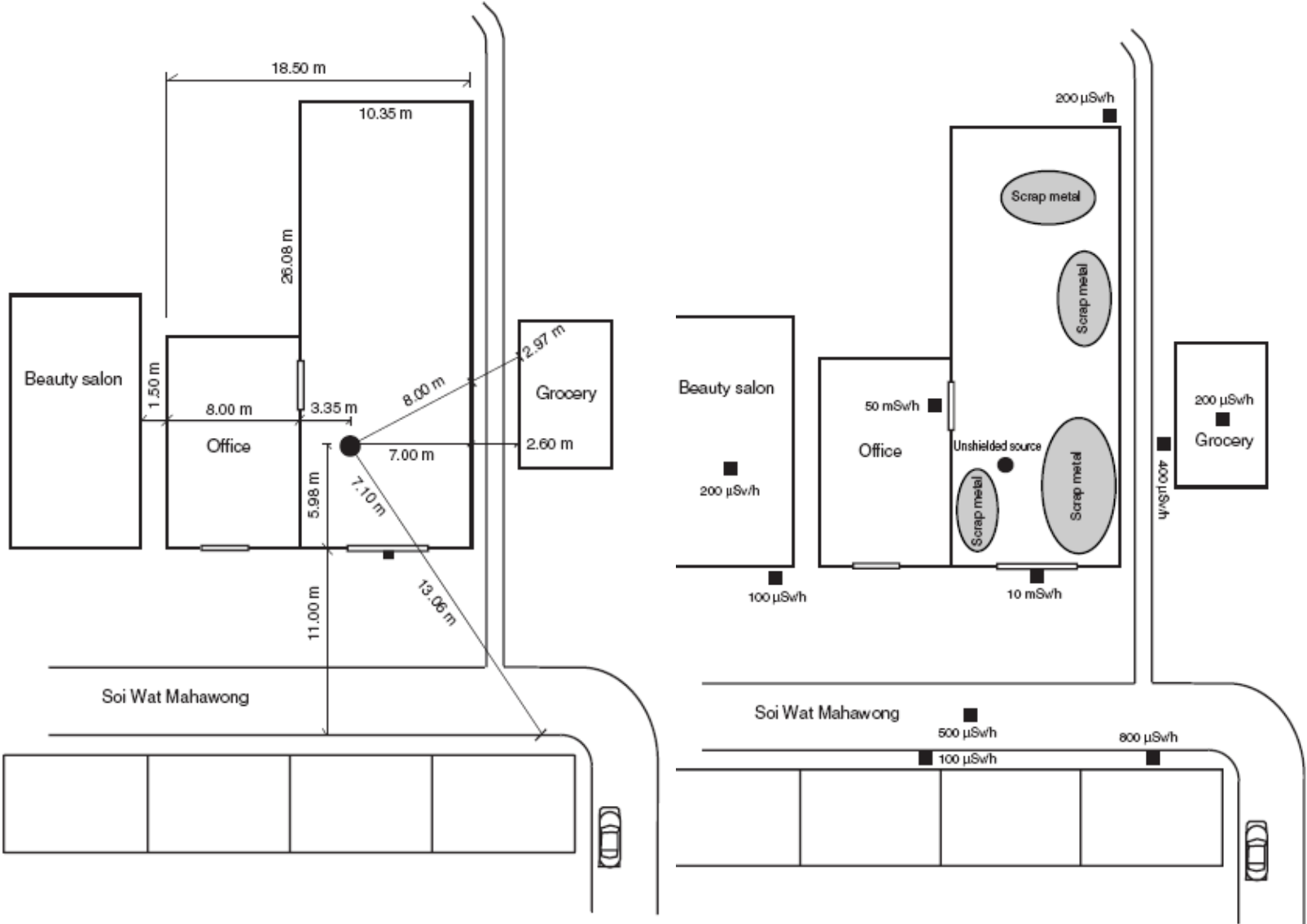
Man used ^{137}Cs sources to intentionally irradiate his 11 year old son after divorce

Source: <http://www.johnstonsarchive.net/nuclear/radevents/index.html>

2000, Samut Prakarn

Source activity?





Measured: ^{60}Co , 20 mSv/h, ~6 m distance

Source activity?

- **Dosimetry & Shielding**
- **Source activity without shielding**
- **Source activity with 10 cm Fe shielding
(scrap metal)**

Element: Mass:

 Nuclide Mixtures Selector

Dosimetry and Shielding

Dose rate/Thickness graph

Options

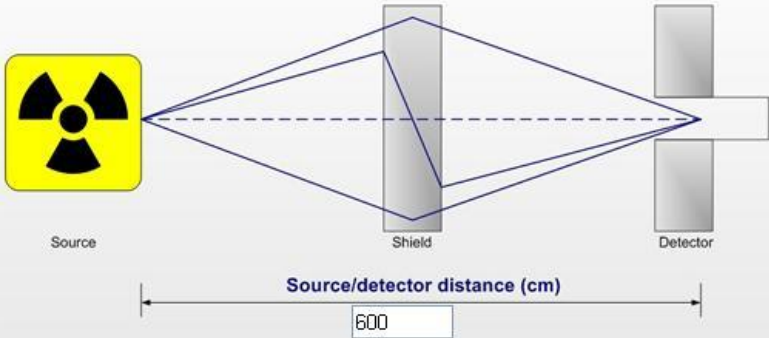
Source strength

Activity(Bq)

Shielding material

Air cm

Dose rate (µSv/h)



Source/detector distance (cm)

Half-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	2.77E+04
Tenth-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	6.50E+04
Equivalent Dose Rate Constant, Γ (mSv m ² /GBq/h)	3.37E-01
Gamma Dose Rate (µSv/h)	9.31E+03
Effective Build-up factor	1.04E+00
Effective Number of Mean Free Paths (µ-d)	3.96E-02

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Equivalent Dose Rate Constant Γ

$$\Gamma(\text{mSv}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{GBq}/\text{h}) = 0.337 \text{ mSv m}^2 / \text{GBq h}$$

$$\text{GBq} = \text{mSv m}^2 / \Gamma = 10^{*36}/0.337 = 1068 \text{ GBq} = 1.1 \text{ TBq}$$

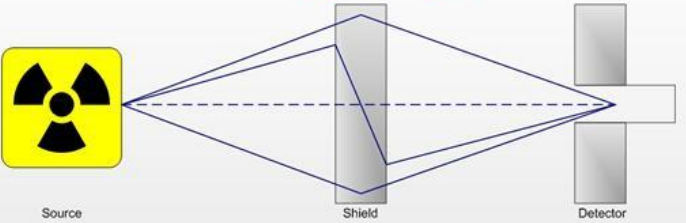
With 10 cm Fe shielding

Element: Mass:

Co 60 Nuclide Mixtures Selector

Dosimetry and Shielding Dose rate/Thickness graph Options

Source strength **Shielding material** **Dose rate (μSv/h)**
 Activity(Bq) Fe cm



Source/detector distance (cm)

Start Reset

Half-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	4.27E+00
Tenth-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	9.90E+00
Equivalent Dose Rate Constant Γ(mSv·m ² /GBq·h)	3.37E-01
Gamma Dose Rate (μSv/h)	9.98E+02
Effective Build-up factor	6.45E+00
Effective Number of Mean Free Paths (μ·d)	4.20E+00

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Result:

Dose rate decreased by a factor of ~ 10 with 10 cm Fe

Conclusion:

**as amount of shielding material is not well known
only estimate possible**

1.1 TBq without shielding

~ 10 TBq with 10 cm Fe

Remark: source had 15.7 TBq

Next problem: recovery

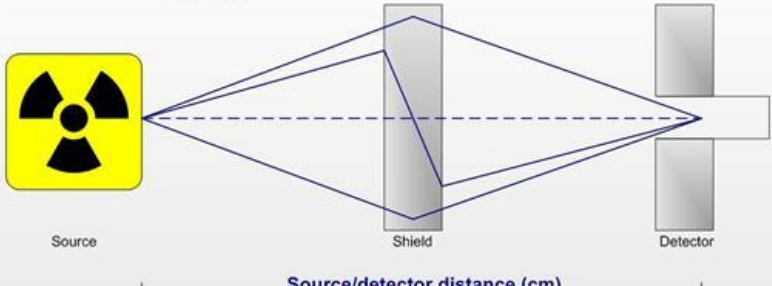
Dose rate in 1 m distance for 15.7 TBq ^{60}Co ?

Element: Mass:

 Nuclide Mixtures Selector

Dosimetry and Shielding Dose rate/Thickness graph Options

Source strength **Shielding material** **Dose rate (μSv/h)**
 Activity(Bq) Air cm



Source/detector distance (cm)

Half-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	2.77E+04
Tenth-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	6.50E+04
Equivalent Dose Rate Constant Γ(mSv·m ² /GBq/h)	3.37E-01
Gamma Dose Rate (μSv/h)	5.29E+06
Effective Build-up factor	1.01E+00
Effective Number of Mean Free Paths (μ·d)	6.59E-03

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5.3 Sv/h

Recovery 2:

10 cm Pb shielding

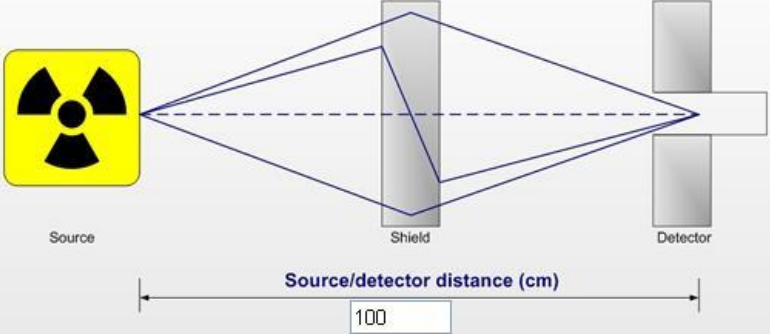
What time allowed for 10 mSv?

Element: Mass:

Co 60 Nuclide Mixtures Selector

Dosimetry and Shielding Dose rate/Thickness graph Options

Source strength **Shielding material** **Dose rate (μSv/h)**
 Activity(Bq) 1.57E+13 Pb 10 cm



Source Shield Detector
 Source/detector distance (cm) 100

Start Reset

Half-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	2.02E+00
Tenth-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	5.03E+00
Equivalent Dose Rate Constant Γ(mSv·m ² /GBq/h)	3.37E-01
Gamma Dose Rate (μSv/h)	2.93E+04
Effective Build-up factor	4.30E+00
Effective Number of Mean Free Paths (μ·d)	6.66E+00

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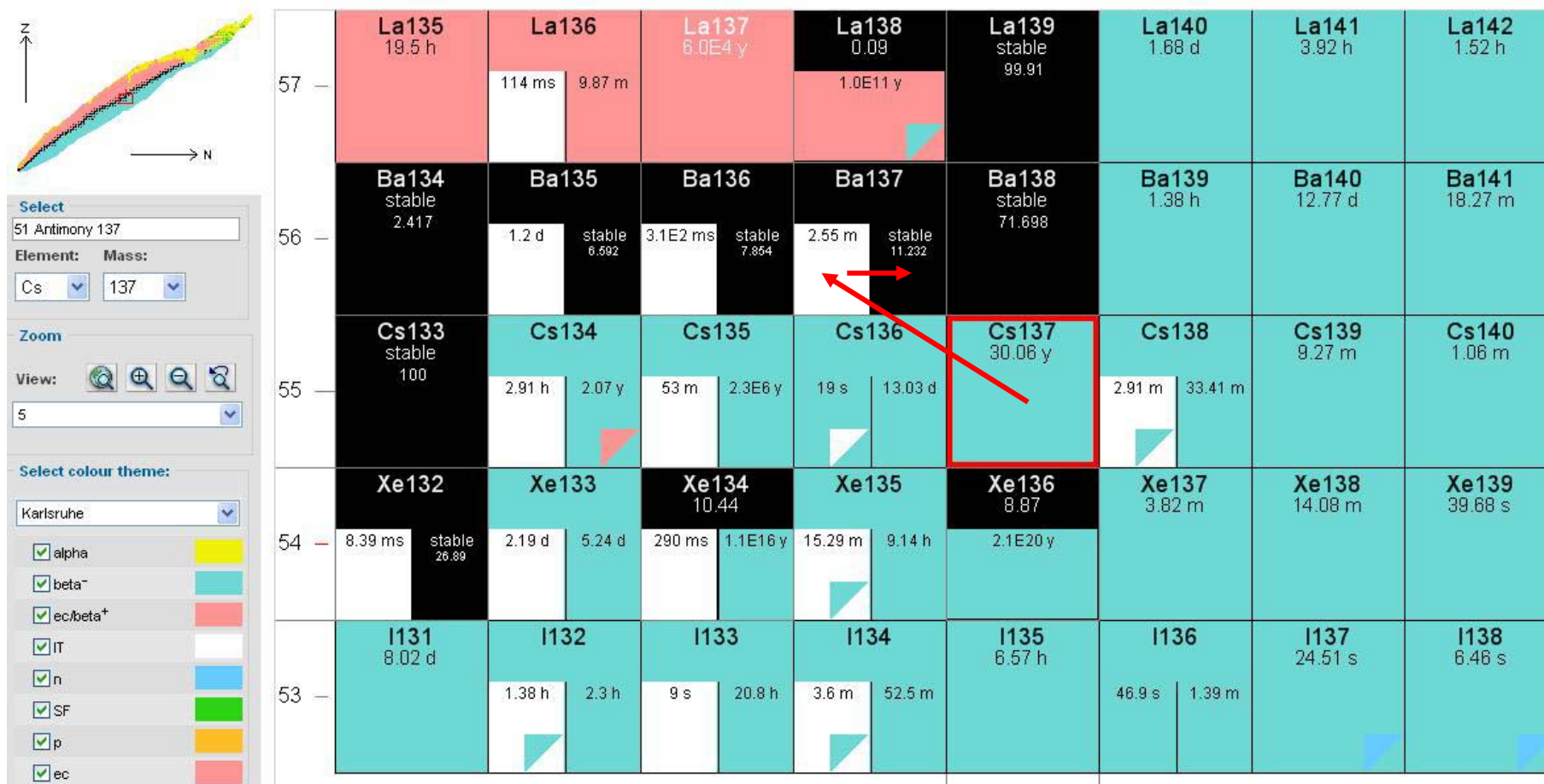
29,3 mSv/h
 ~ 20 min

For comparison:

15.7 TBq ^{137}Cs , 1m distance

15.7 TBq ^{137}Cs , 10 cm Pb, 1m distance

Dose rate?



Decay Engine
Options

Quantity: Becquerel 1.57E+13 Accuracy Factor: 1E-02

Time: Hours 1 Number of timesteps: 10 Number of chains: 2

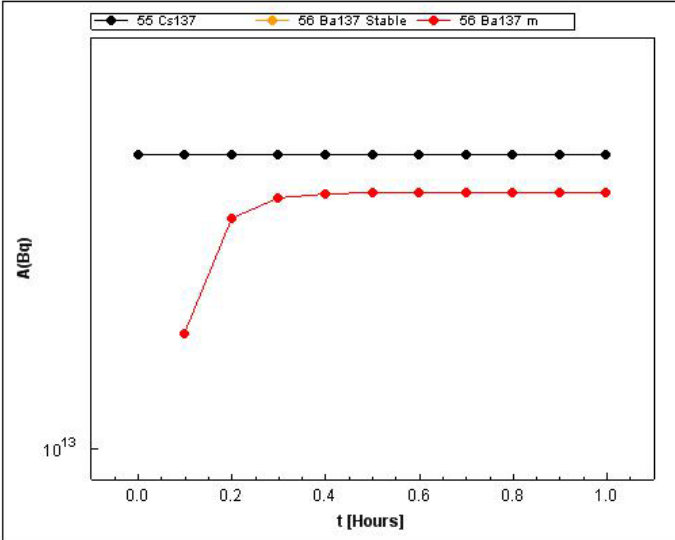
Start
 Start in background
 Reset
 Show details
 Create Nuclide Mixture

Parent+Daughters	Half-life	N(atoms)	M(g)	A(Bq)	G(keV/s)	Sf Rate (/s)
55 Cs137	30.06 y	2.15E+22	4.88E+00	1.57E+13	2.58E+10	0
56 Ba137 Stable	stable	5.32E+16	1.21E-05	0	0	0
56 Ba137 m	2.55 m	3.27E+15	7.44E-07	1.48E+13	8.83E+15	0
Total:		2.15E+22	4.88E+00	3.05E+13	8.83E+15	0

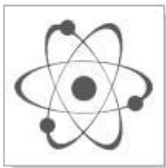
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Type of graph: Activities

55 Cs137
 56 Ba137 Stable
 56 Ba137 m
 Total:



Update



Nuclide mixtures

Nuclide mixtures

User defined nuclide mixtures

137Cs

Show Details

Name

137Cs

Element Isotope Mass

Ac 206 Grams 1

	Nuclide	Activity(Bq)	Mass(g)
Edit	55 Cs137	1.5700E+13	4.8815E+0
Edit	56 Ba137 s	0.0000E+0	1.2105E-5
Edit	56 Ba137 m	1.4821E+13	7.4430E-7
Edit			
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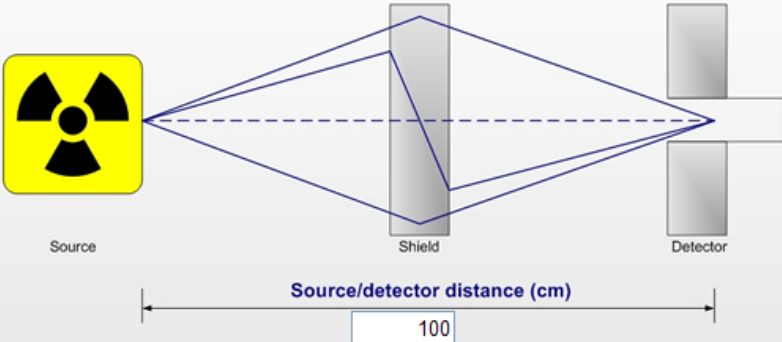
Decay Engine

Gamma Dosimetry & Shielding

Nuclide Mixtures:
 137Cs

Dosimetry and Shielding Dose rate/Thickness graph Options

Source strength **Shielding material** **Dose rate (μSv/h)**
 Activity(Bq) Air cm **1.33E+06**



Source/detector distance (cm)

Half-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	2.59E+04
Tenth-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	5.50E+04
Equivalent Dose Rate Constant Γ(mSv·m²/GBq/h)	4.35E-02
Gamma Dose Rate (μSv/h)	1.33E+06
Effective Build-up factor	1.01E+00
Effective Number of Mean Free Paths (μ-d)	9.38E-03

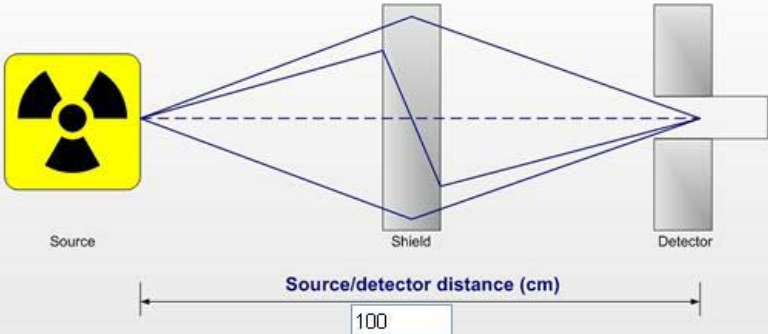
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Nuclide Mixtures:
 137Cs

Dosimetry and Shielding Dose rate/Thickness graph Options

Source strength **Shielding material** **Dose rate (μSv/h)**

Activity(Bq) Pb cm



Source Shield Detector

Source/detector distance (cm)

Half-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	9.40E-01
Tenth-Value Shield Thickness(cm)	2.43E+00
Equivalent Dose Rate Constant Γ (mSv·m ² /GBq·h)	4.35E-02
Gamma Dose Rate (μSv/h)	1.62E+01
Effective Build-up factor	3.76E+00
Effective Number of Mean Free Paths (μ·d)	1.26E+01

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